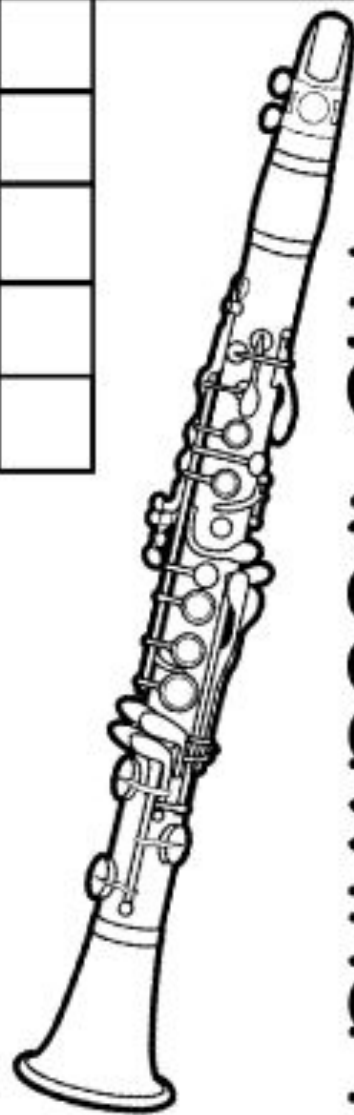
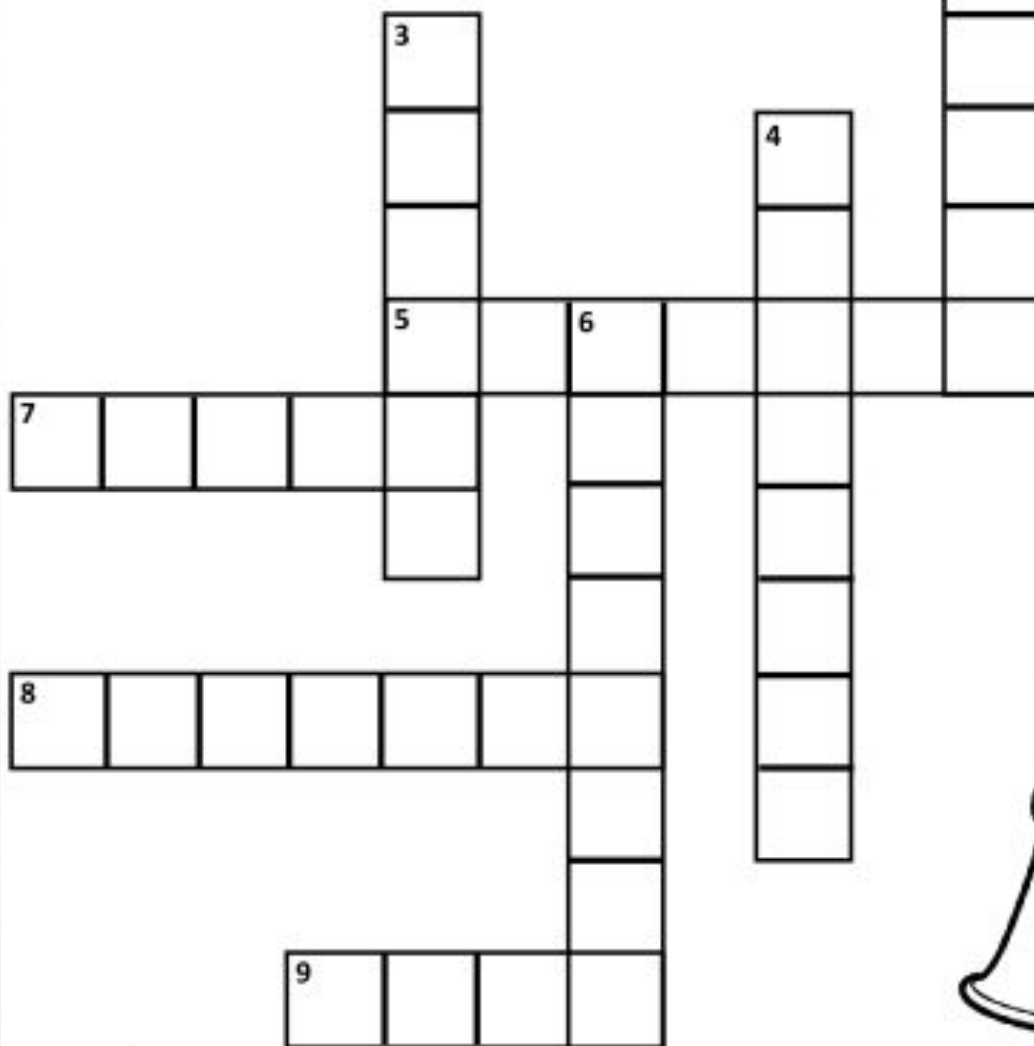


Name: _____

Class: _____



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The Woodwind Family

Across:

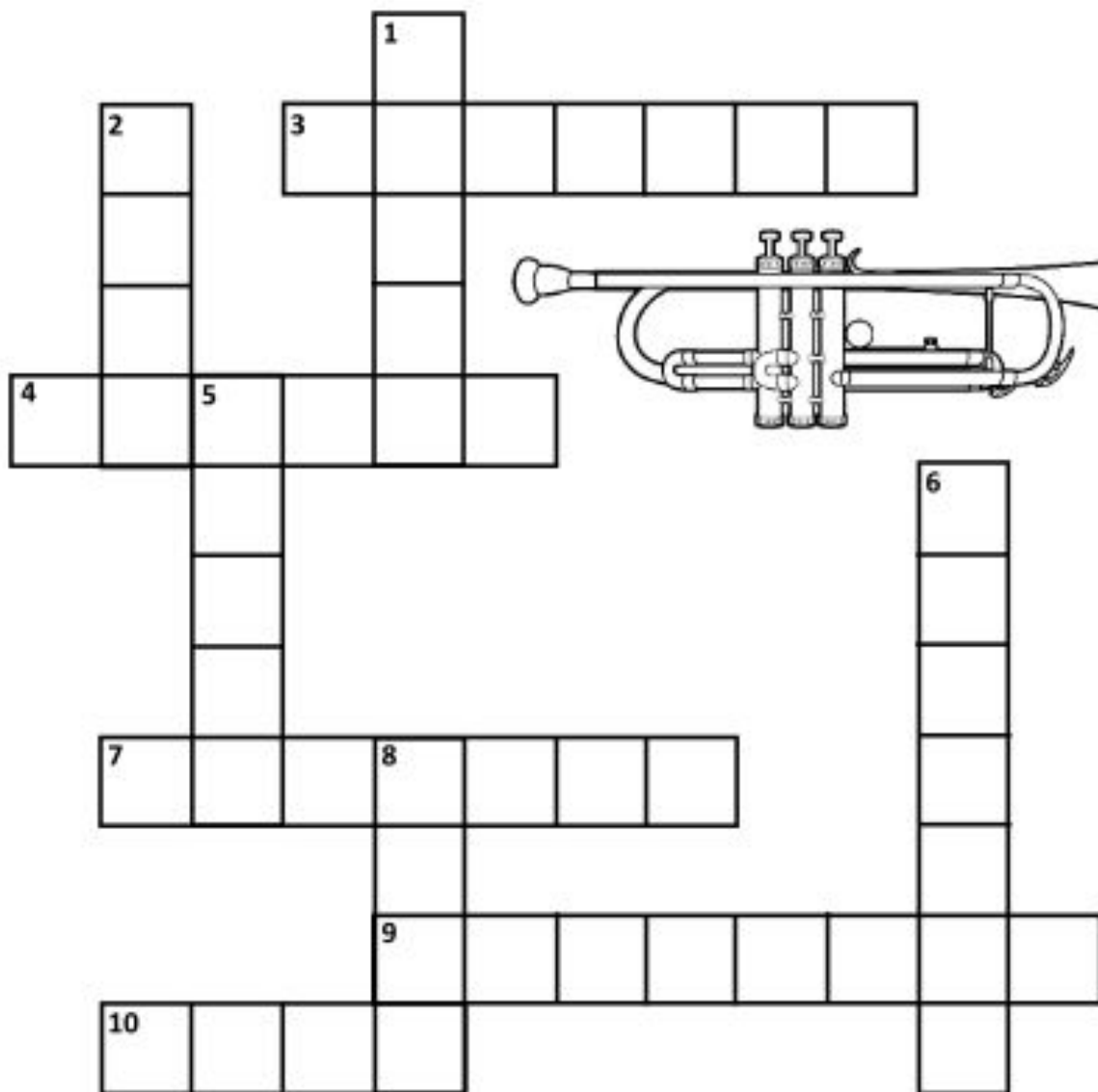
- 1) The more keys pushed down the (higher or lower) the instrument sounds.
- 5) Clarinets and Saxophones make sound when their reeds _____.
- 7) A piccolo is a higher version of what other woodwind?
- 8) What is the highest playing woodwind?
- 9) Buttons on woodwinds are called _____.

Down:

- 2) A piccolo plays how much higher than the flute?
- 3) A flute is normally made of what metal?
- 4) The saxophone and _____ are single reed instruments.
- 6) Oboes and _____ use double reeds.

Name: _____ Class: _____

The Brass Family



Across:

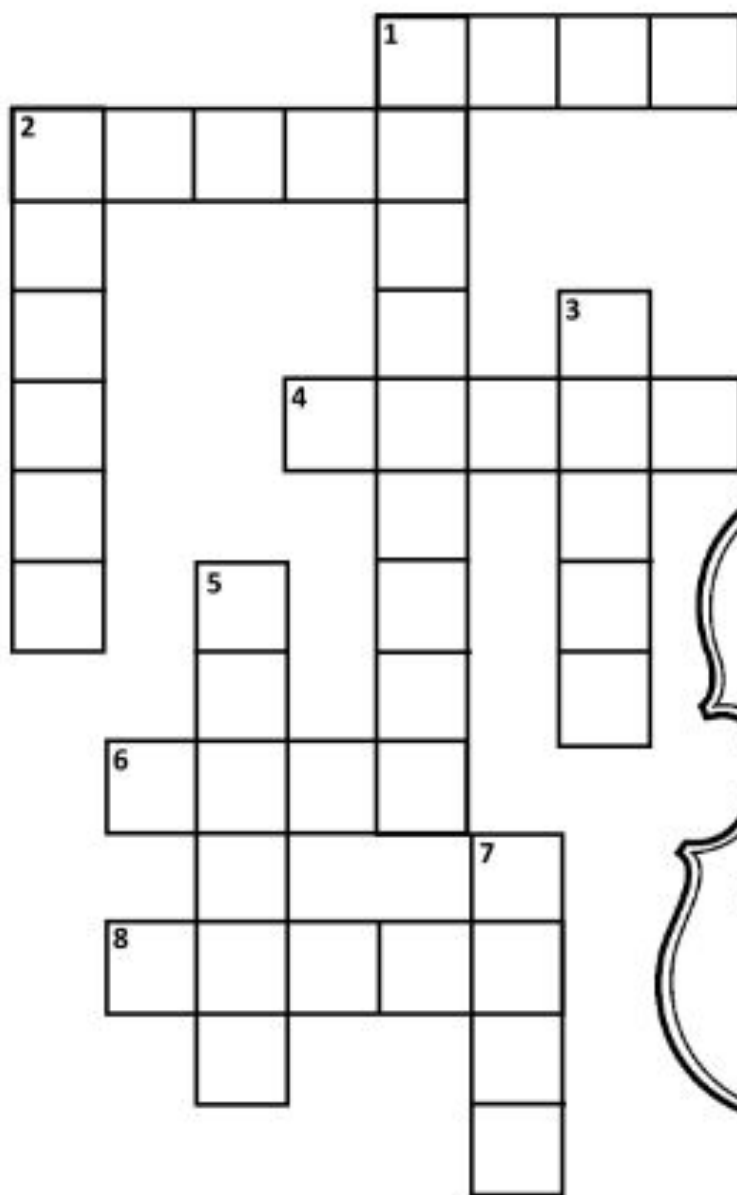
- 3) The mouthpiece of a brass instrument acts as a funnel making the air ____.
- 4) Buttons on brass instruments are called _____.
- 7) What brass instrument plays the highest?
- 9) What brass instrument does not have valves?
- 10) Any fingerings on the trumpet can make at least ____ pitches or notes.

Down:

- 1) The trombone plays different pitches by moving its ____.
- 2) What brass instrument plays the lowest?
- 5) The more tubing a brass instrument has the (lower or higher) it plays.
- 6) Sound on brass instruments is produced by _____ your lips.
- 8) A French horn players hand acts as a _____.

Name: _____ Class: _____

The String Family



Across:

- 1) The _____ is a string instrument that has *many* strings.
- 2) The _____ is often used for playing bluegrass music.
- 4) The violin, viola, _____, and bass are the most popular string instruments.
- 6) How many strings do most string instruments have?
- 8) A _____ is just slightly bigger than the violin.

Down:

- 1) The soft part of a bow is usually made of what?
- 2) The cello is (smaller or bigger) than the viola.
- 3) String instruments make sound when you _____ or strum them.
- 5) What is the *most* popular string instrument?
- 7) The _____ is the largest string instrument and players must stand to play it.